

RUGS

ARE CHEAPER

Barring a few assortments, which are kept up in and out of season, every American Rug has been marked down preparatory for the semi-annual inventory.

At \$17.50 instead of \$22.50 are ten Royal Wilton Rugs, in 6x9 feet size. At \$25.75 are fifteen of them, 3x10 1/4 feet; these are regularly \$32.50. At \$17.50, reduced from \$27.50, are a dozen 8x10 1/4 feet Rugs of best quality Body Brussels.

At \$21.50 the last four, 9x12 feet, Body Brussels Rugs will be sold; these were \$29.50.

At \$21.50 are also three extra quality Axminster Rugs, heretofore priced \$32.50; these in largest size, 9x12 feet.

At \$19.75 \$28.50 Axminster Rugs will be sold; these in the 8x10 1/4 ft. size.

At \$3.45 you may select from an assortment of nineteen extra quality Axminster Rugs, 2 1/2 x 5 feet.

At \$1.20 are fourteen Axminster Rugs, regularly \$1.75 each, size 1 1/2 x 3 feet.

L.S. AYRES & CO.
Indiana's Greatest
Distributors of
"Dry Goods"

WEDDING GLOVES

White Suedes, 3 clasps \$1.50
Elbow Lengths \$1.50, \$2.25
16 and 20-button Lengths; \$2.00, \$2.75, \$3.50
Men's White Kid, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.85

Tucker's GLOVE STORE
10 East Washington Street.

High-Class Tailoring Moderate Prices

Bert B. Dildine

Removed to 124 E. Market St.
In order to acquaint the public with my new location I will offer

10% DISCOUNT
on all Fancy Suitings for the next 10 days.
UNION TRUST BUILDING

GERBER'S

Fancy Bedding and Millinery Store

Bedding for Summer Cottages.

Recovering of down quilts a specialty.

712 Massachusetts Avenue.

Phones—New 577; Old, Black 9622.

Visitors' Week

at

Badger's

We celebrate the visit of the city's

guests by making in every department

Special

Prices

on many choice pieces of fine furniture.

The list includes dining-room, library,

parlor and bedroom pieces of both fine

and medium grades, and the reductions

average fully

25 per Cent.

BADGER

Furniture Co.

Second Week of Our June Sale of

Tailor-Made

Suits and Skirts

Every Suit and Skirt in our house

must be closed out, as we never carry

over a single garment from one season

to another. TO ACCOMPLISH THIS

MEANS STILL GREATER REDUC-

TIONS.

\$30.00 Suits reduced to.....\$10.00

\$35.00 Suits reduced to.....\$14.75

\$40.00 Suits reduced to.....\$19.50

\$45.00 Suits reduced to.....\$23.50

\$50.00 and \$45.00 Suits re-

duced to.....\$29.00

One-Third Off on All Fine Cos-

umes.

One-Third Off on All Ladies'

Coats.

One-Third Off on All Children's

Coats.

Dress Skirts and Walking Skirts re-

duced in proportion.

Store your furs here. Absolute

security. Moderate cost.

Besten Langer

INDIANAPOLIS LOUISVILLE

HISTORY IN THE SCHOOLS.

Committee Meets with Superintendent

Cotton to Discuss Subject.

The committee on revision of the course

of study in history in the public schools of

the State, appointed by the history section

of the State Teachers' Association, held a

meeting at the office of Superintendent

Cotton yesterday and discussed the work

ahead of the committee. The members

are Cyrus W. Hodgkin, of Earlham Col-

lege, chairman; Dr. S. B. Harding, of the

department of history, Indiana University;

Mrs. Adelaide Baylor, superintendent of

the Wabash schools; Superintendent

George H. Tapp, of Columbia City; super-

tendent of the Whitley county schools, and

N. C. Helms, principal in the

Richmond schools.

MILLIONS BEHIND IT

INSURANCE COMPANY THAT WILL
PROTECT AGAINST STRIKES.

The New Venture Will Be Backed by
the National Association of
Manufacturers.

STATEMENT OF DAVID M. PARRY

RESULT OF RESOLUTION ADOPTED
AT NEW ORLEANS CONVENTION.

A Legal Department Will Also Be
Maintained to Fight the Aggres-
sions of Labor Unions.

One of the greatest insurance companies
in the world is about to be formed by the
National Association of Manufacturers.
The company will protect its members from
loss arising from strikes and will also in-
sure free labor against physical injuries
and financial loss arising from the coercion
of strikes. The company will have a back-
ing of \$100,000,000.

The subject of forming a strike insurance
company has been discussed at a number of
conferences beginning with the New Or-
leans convention, where Mr. J. G. Battelle,
a millionaire manufacturer of New York
and Columbus, O., brought it up in the
shape of a resolution, which, however, was
not acted upon by the convention, but was
allowed to lie over for consideration by the
executive committee of the association. The
latter committee recently held a meeting in
New York city, where it is understood the
matter was discussed and a committee ap-
pointed to investigate the subject, and if
the project appeared feasible and seemed
likely to meet with encouragement to go
ahead with it. It is now learned that the
committee has met with a hearty endorse-
ment from many manufacturers and that
the plans are about completed. It is also
even said that the nucleus of a company
has already been formed which has prac-
tically unlimited capital behind it.

The resolution introduced at New Orleans
by Mr. Battelle, which throws some light
on the aim of the new company, is as fol-
lows:

"Resolved, That a committee of three be
appointed by the president to formulate a
plan for an organization, under the aus-
pices of this association, to insure certain
manufacturers against a certain portion of
any losses resulting from strikes of their
employees; it being provided that this as-
sociation shall in no event be responsible
for any such losses, and also that said in-
surance organization shall only insure man-
ufacturers who are members of the National
Association of Manufacturers, or of some
other organization approved by said in-
surance organization, formed in part, at least,
for the purpose of negotiating for its mem-
bers with employees on the subject of wages
when occasion may require it."

Mr. D. M. Parry, president of the national
association, was asked yesterday in re-
gard to the reports concerning the new
enterprise. He stated that he could give
any detailed information at this time, but
confirmed the statements made that some-
thing of the kind was under way. He ac-
knowledgeed that the executive committee
and prominent members of the association
were behind the new move.

"While the plan is somewhat in a formative
stage," he said, "yet I have little doubt
they will be worked out to a feasible
basis, and I have confidence in the new
company being able to accomplish much
good. Some of the able gentlemen are tak-
ing the initiative in the matter, and I think
that whatever they attempt to do will be
certain of success."

"Will the company be a stock or a mutual
company?" was asked him.

"I believe," he replied, "that it must neces-
sarily be a mutual company. It is likely
that the membership will be kept entirely
secret, only the officers of the company being
known. If this is done organized labor
will never know, when it orders a strike,
whether it is really fighting combined cap-
ital or merely making an onslaught on one
individual."

"Will you give some idea of the objects
of such a company?"

"The objects," replied Mr. Parry, "are
obvious. They are to protect all its policy
holders against losses arising from strikes
and also to protect independent workmen
who care to exercise their great American
privilege of working for their own wages
and for what they please. In order to do
all this a considerable fund will have to be
accumulated, and this will be done. It
must not suppose, however, that we intend
to enter upon a great scheme of coercion
of our employees. We have to organized
labor all coercive practices."

CAPITAL ON DEFENSIVE.

"You must understand, and the public
ought to understand by this time, that
capital is on the defensive in this labor
controversy. All that the employers desire
is to be permitted to exercise their just
rights of citizenship in this republic. In
order that they may do so, it appears that
they cannot depend upon the moral back-
ing of the community or the power of the
government, and that therefore it is neces-
sary for them to devise ways and means for
protecting themselves from aggression. I
am reminded of a story I was reading the
other day about the manner in which some
of the early manufacturers of Great Britain
had to do. It appears that the weavers
maintained an armory at their chests, and
that their men were not only work-
men, but also soldiers to protect the estab-
lishment from mobs and organized bands
of robbers and cut-throats. I do not guar-
antee the faithfulness of this portrayal of
early industry, but if true it shows an in-
teresting analogy to modern conditions,
which men in business have to look out in
the face of the modern methods of social
brigandage are a little more refined
and in keeping with advanced civilization.
There are comparatively only a few mur-
ders committed now in the name of the
poor workman, and the principal aim of
organized unions is merely to ruin the em-
ployer financially. I suppose it will be
charged that the National Association is
engineering a move to fill its war chest, and
to wage an inhuman fight against their em-
ployees, and I suppose it will do me little
good to deny the statement. I have re-
peatedly said that I was not opposed to
organized labor per se, but was opposed to
its lawlessness. Its un-American pro-
gramme of holding up the industries of the
country, and yet I am declared to be in
favor of exterminating the unions. The
conclusion must be that unionism is so al-
lied with methods that are obnoxious to
Americanism that to oppose such methods
is to oppose unionism. I do not desire to
accept such a conclusion, and I believe that
there are a great many workmen in this
country who are proving that unionism does
not necessarily mean lawlessness. Eighty-
five per cent. of the wage-earners do not
belong to unions, and yet they survive, are
contented, and obtain a fair share of en-
joyment out of life. The 15 per cent. which
is said to belong to organized labor, how-
ever, persists in telling the people that they
are being oppressed, and that the employers
are crushing them down to the starvation
point."

LABOR TAXES ITSELF.

"They tax themselves and have accumu-
lated great funds with which to fight their
battles against the men that employ them.
They make one demand after another, their
demands being limited only by their own
avarice and without regard to the ability
of the employer to accede to them. Natural
law fixes the remuneration of the 85 per
cent., but it appears that in the minds of
many it is almost treasonable to say that
the 15 per cent. should be amenable to the
same law. Nevertheless the employers are
disposed to say that they will not be
governed by the 15 per cent., and that
they will protect themselves against their
aggressions. As organized labor has
amassed considerable funds with which to

A Big Reduction Sale in Men's Fine Suits

There
Must Be
A Reason for
Everything

and the reason for this sale is no secret.
We have on hand a large stock of Men's
Fine Suits. The cold weather has been
against their sale. It don't pay us to keep
these Suits. It's better to sell them at a
sacrifice than to carry them over to another
season. It will be money in our pockets to
do so.

The Suits that we offer in this sale have
been selling at \$22.50, \$25.00 and \$28.00,
and every one gilt edge value at the price.
The styles are the latest, the fabric and
workmanship the best.

Every One Going at

\$17.50

BLISS, SWAIN & CO

The Progress Clothing Store
CLOTHING, HATS, FURNISHINGS.
Stevenson Building, Indianapolis.



There
Won't
Be a
Single Ex-
ception Made

You can take choice of any \$22.50, \$25.00
or \$28.00 Suit in our store (and we have
more of them than any house in Indianapolis)
at \$17.50, none reserved. Such Suits are
a good investment for a man, even if he will
not need a Suit for a year. They are the
product of the Stein-Bloch Co. and other
well-known tailors. They are fine materials,
the larger part of them being fine worsteds.
Remember, that in this sale no \$22.50,
\$25.00 or \$28.00 Suit is excepted or re-
served.

You Can Take Choice at

\$17.50

BLISS, SWAIN & CO

The Progress Clothing Store
CLOTHING, HATS, FURNISHINGS.
Stevenson Building, Indianapolis.

THE BIG FOUR ROUTE, Special Train to Boston, Mass., Account Annual Meeting

First Church of Christ Scientist.

Leave Indianapolis, 2:55 p. m. Thursday,

June 25.

Arrive New York, 2:55 p. m. Friday,

June 26.

Arrive Boston, 9 p. m. Friday, June 26.

2:00-ROUND TRIP-\$24.00.

Through sleepers to Boston without

change. Stopover at New York on the re-

turn trip. Daylight ride up Hudson river

and stopover at Niagara Falls.

Tickets will also be sold for all trains

June 25, 26 and 27 at rates varying, accord-

ing to route, from \$19 to \$34. All good to re-

turn from June 28 to July 2, with privilege

of extension till Aug. 1 by depositing ticket

and payment of 50 cents.

H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

NORTH MICHIGAN SUMMER RESORTS.

Best Reached via the Pennsylvania

Lines.

Beginning June 21 the Northland Lim-

ited through sleeping cars will leave

Indianapolis daily at 6:50 p. m. over the

old route via Richmond and G. R. & I.

Railway, "the Fishing Line." For par-

ticulars address agents or W. W. RICH-

ARDSON, D. P. A., Indianapolis.

Vandalia Line.

Effective to-day, all through passenger

trains will run into and out of St. Louis

Union Passenger Station using our own

tracks. District Passenger Agent.

\$21.00-BOSTON AND RETURN-\$21.00.

Via C. H. & D., B. O. S. W., B. O.

Tickets sold June 25, 26 and 27, final return

limit Aug. 1. Stop-overs at Washington,

Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. See

agents or address

R. P. ALGER, D. P. A.

LAKE ERIE & WESTERN R. R.

\$2.00-Sandusky and Return-\$2.00

Saturday Night, June 20.

Leave Indianapolis 9 p. m. For berths,

chairs and full particulars call on or ad-

dress A. H. Sellers, D. P. A., 28 South Illi-

nois street.

LAKE ERIE & WESTERN R. R.

\$1.25-Michigan City and Return-\$1.25

Sunday, June 21.

Leave Indianapolis, 6:30 a. m.

\$1.25-DECATUR AND RETURN-\$1.25.

Via C. H. & D., Sunday, June 21.

Special train leaves Indianapolis 7 a. m.

Leaves Decatur, returning, 6:30 p. m.

THE BIG FOUR ROUTE.

Excursions Sunday, June 21st.

\$1.25-Cincinnati and Return-\$1.25.

Special express trains, making no stops

for passengers in either direction, leave In-

dianapolis Union Station 7 a. m. Returning,

leave Central Union Station, Cincinnati, 7

p. m.

TERRE HAUTE, \$1.00-

GREENCASTLE, 75c.

Special train leaves Indianapolis Union

Station 7 a. m. Returning, leaves Terre

Haute at 7 p. m.

\$1.00-LAFAYETTE AND RETURN-\$1.00.

Special train leaves Indianapolis at 7:30

a. m. Returning, leave Lafayette at 7:30

p. m.

H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

VANDALIA LINE.

Terre Haute, Indiana.

\$2.27-Round Trip-\$2.27.

Tickets will be sold for Trains No. 27 and

No. 35, leaving Indianapolis 6:50 a. m. and

7:25 a. m. Tuesday, June 16th, good to re-

turn until June 17th.

Call at Vandalia office or Union Station

for tickets.

W. W. RICHARDSON, D. P. A.

Best Penny Photos. 371 Massachusetts.

Correct Styles in Harness

TECHENTEN & FREIBERG, 124 E. Wash.

We install Steam and Hot Water Plants.

KRUSE & DEWENTER, 427-429 East Washing-

ton street.

Capital Razor and Supplies.

J. E. BODINE & CO., 57 E. Ohio St.

Aluminum and Brass Castings.

Pioneer Brass Works,

415-417 S. Penn. st.

Columbian Relief Fund, Stevenson Bldg., In-

dianapolis. Sick and Accident Ins. Agents wanted.

Order your coal of Coburn Coal Company.

DR. J. F. SPAUNHURST,

Chronic Diseases **OSTEOPATH** Telephone

and Deformities New 322.

Success comes by doing one thing well.

Fifth Floor, Stevenson Bldg., 525-30.

Feed your horse JAMES'S Dustless Oats.

A Fine Golden Oak Morris

Chair, finest velvet cushions,

plain or figured, the regular \$12

value, sale price.....\$8.50

Choice of \$14, \$15 and \$16

Morris Chairs, mission styles in

weathered oak, mahogany finish,

golden oak.....\$12.50

Choice of solid mahogany Mor-